

Jessica is a young woman.  
 She is very pretty.  
 She is blonde.  
 She lives in Oxford.  
 She works at Debenham's.  
 She has got a new car.  
 It's a blue convertible.  
 She drives too fast.  
 A motorbike overtakes her.  
 It's a policeman.  
 He stops her.  
 She must show her driving licence.  
 The policeman says: "Sorry, my dear.  
 I must give you a ticket."  
 Jessica looks at the ticket.  
 She isn't happy.  
 But she smiles at the policeman.  
 She says: "100 pounds for speeding.  
 That's a lot of money.  
 I'm just a poor shop assistant."  
 The policeman smiles, too.  
 "Well then, in this case it will be £99.95."



**Debenham** is a very popular department store in Britain. *Warenhaus*

A **convertible** is a kind of car in which you can fold away the roof. *Cabrio*

A **ticket** is a fine. *Busse*

A driver can drive behind another car. Or he can **overtake** it.

She drives **on the road**. *Landstraße*  
 The children play **in the street**.

**Look for** the driving license. *suchen*  
**Look at** the driving licence: *anschauen*

She also smiles. = She smiles, **too**. *auch*  
 She likes **to** drive a fast car. *zu (vor Infinitiv)*  
 She drives **too** fast. *zu (vor Adjektiv)*

**Make questions:**

She is a young woman. ... *Is she a young woman?* .....

She is blonde. ....

She has got a new car. ....

It's a convertible. ....

He is a policeman. ....

She is happy. ....

I'm a shop assistant. ....

You are driving too fast. ....

Bei den **Hilfsverben** (be, have, can, will, must, may) wird die **Frage wie im Deutschen** durch Umkehrung von Subjekt und Hilfsverb gebildet.

**We can** do it.  
**Can we** do it?