Henry Ford - Abraham Lincoln - Andy Warhol - George Washington - Mark Twain - Marilyn Monroe - Sitting Bull - Pocahontas - Benjamin Franklin - Annie Oakley - Martin Luther King - André Agassi - Neil Armstrong - Al Capone - Bill Clinton - Bob Hope - John F. Kennedy - Jane Fonda

He was born in a log cabin (=Blockhaus) in Kentucky. He became a lawyer in Illinois, then a politician. He was the USA's 16th President. He stopped slavery in America, but this took five years of civil war (=Bürgerkrieg). He was murdered in 1865, only some days after winning the war. **His name**



He was a Chief of the Sioux ('su:). He fought to defend (=verteidigen) his people against the "pale faces". His most famous victory (=Sieg) was at the Battle of Little Big Horn in 1876 where he defeated General Custer and the Seventh Cavalery. This was the famous

As a politician he helped to write the Declaration of Independence. As a scientist he proved that

lightning (Blitz) is a kind of electricity. As a diplomat he was America's ambassador in Paris between 1776 – 85. The name of this politician, scientist and diplomat was

His nickname (=Übername) was "Scarface" (=Narbengesicht") He was a powerful gangster in Chicago during the 1920s. He controlled a network of crime and violence (=Gewalt) until 1931. In that year he was sent to prison for not paying income-tax (=Einkommenssteuer), the only



charge (=Anklage) against him which could be proved. (=bewiesen). **This was**

This "Indian Princess" was the daughter of Chief Powhatan. In 1608 she saved the life of an English settler – Captain John Smith. Later she married another settler and sailed to England. There, she met King James I who treated (=behandeln) her as royalty (=königliche Hoheit). She died of smallpox (=Pocken) before she could return to America. Her name was......

In the 1950s and '60s, prejudice (=Vorurteil) against black Americans was still part of everyday life in many areas of the USA. The leader of the Civil Rights Movement for equality (=Gleichberechtigung) believed that the progress should be made without violence. He won the Nobel Peace Prize. But it was violence which ended his life. He was murdered during a visit to Memphis, Tennessee in 1968. **The name of this leader was......**

One of America's greatest Wild West heroes was William Cody, called Buffalo Bill. He organised a spectacular "Wild West Show" which he took to cities across the USA. One of the stars of that show was a sharpshooter (=Scharfschützin). She became the most famous "cowgirl" in America, and later, a musical – Annie Get Your Gun –was written about her. Her name was......

She was one of Hollywood's most beautiful film-stars. Her most famous movie was "Some Like It Hot". She was only 36 years old when she died in 1962. *Her real name was Norma Jean Baker, but the world knew her as*

He became a pilot at the age of 16 and served in the Korean War. Then he joined NASA, working as a test pilot before in 1962 he was chosen to become an astronaut. Severn years later he became the first man on the moon. *This was*

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He is one of the 20th century's best-known artists. He became famous in the 1960s through a series of ,pop art' paintings: soup cans, film stars and car crashes. He also made very modern films. They usually have one-word titles: "Trash", "Bad", "Sleep". *This was*