

21.1. NEAR, NEAREST, NEXT – Nicht verwechseln!

I asked the policeman where the... *nearest* post-office was.

"How come you were born in Yorkshire?" – "I wanted to be..... my mother."

Excuse me, where is the toilet? It's urgent.

Psychiatrist: Now what is your problem, sir? Man: I feel so unimportant, people don't even notice I am there. Psychiatrist:, please.

John was asked what his favourite drink was. "The one," he replied.

21.2. Correcting mistakes. Schreibe die Sätze richtig hin.

She asked me where am I going. *She asked me where I was going.*.....

We are living here since six years.

You will come, isn't it?

Why she looks at me like that?

I would have came if you asked me.

The mony was stole by a thieve.

Where is the girl go?

21.3. Put the parts in the right order. Korrekte Aussagesätze bilden.

school / left / two years ago / Jesse /

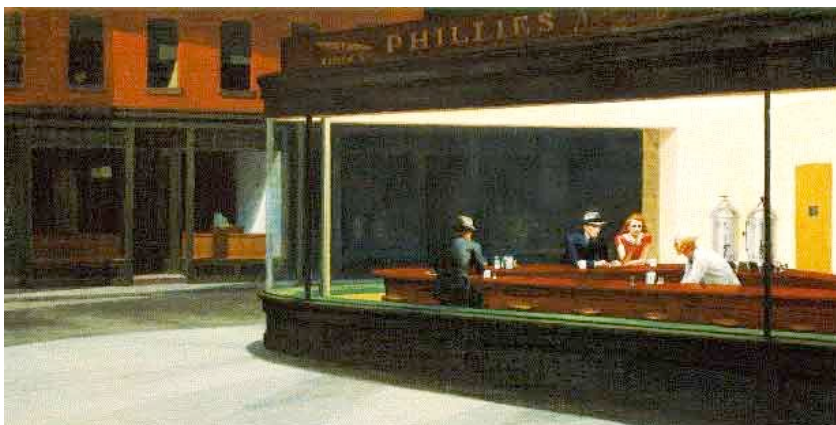
Jesse left school two years ago. (Two years ago, Jesse left school)

cold / is / there / blowing / wind

.....
at the bar / yesterday / I didn't / Charlie / meet

.....
so / it was / go out / we couldn't /

.....
before midnight / order / you must / your next drink



Die Zeitangabe (yesterday, two years ago, before midnight) kommt im Englischen an den Satzschluss (oder an die Satzspitze):
I met Charly at the bar yesterday. Yesterday I met Charly at the bar.

ILL. "NIGHTHAWKS", BY EDWARD HOPPER